

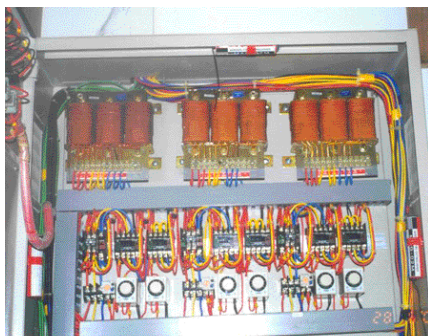
## Industrial Applications

### Aviation

- Maintenance shops
- Containers
- Cargo bays
- Helicopters
- General aviation
- Commercial airlines
- Ground support equipment

### Electricity

- Computers
- Transformer rooms
- UPS's and ISPs
- Data centers
- Server farms
- Electrical cabinets
- Power substations
- Internet hotels / motels
- Back-up power supplies



*Pyrogen MAG-02 canisters mounted in an electrical cabinet*

### Marine

- Electrical power panels
- Pump rooms
- Engine rooms
- Machinery spaces
- Electrical switch banks
- Cargo-holds and containers
- Emergency fire-fighting systems



### Military

- Machinery and computer rooms
- Offices
- Field kits
- Military mobile base containers
- Warehouses
- Isolated or remote locations
- Temporary storage and construction offices
- Emergency / temporary replacement for out-of-service systems

### Mining

- Electrical cabinets
- Switchboards
- Generator rooms
- Power substations
- Diode bridge cubicles
- Maintenance workshops
- All mining equipment

### Machinery

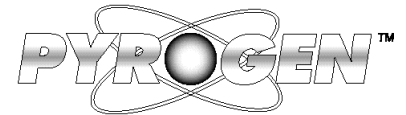
- Construction equipment
- Road-paving equipment
- Timber-harvesting equipment

### Oil, Gas & Petrochemical

- Pump rooms
- Rig operators
- Co-generation
- Machinery spaces
- Electrical cabinets
- Drilling companies
- Electrical distribution systems



*In addition to protecting the entire sub-station control room, as shown, smaller MAGs can be mounted inside the control cubicles to provide local protection*



Data Sheet Listing  
AFP - 1317



Australian & New Zealand  
Standards Approval  
AS/NZS 4487:1997



US EPA SNAP

## PRODUCT CERTIFICATION

### Standards

- Pyrogen Fire Extinguishing Aerosol Systems AS/NZS 4487:1997 Standards Australia/ Standards New Zealand
- Maintenance of Fire Protection Equipment, Part 16: Pyrogen Fire Extinguishing Systems AS/NZS 1851.16:1997 Standards Australia/ Standards New Zealand

### Listing

- SSL (Scientific Services Laboratories Australia) Register of Fire Protection Equipment – Pyrogen™, MAG Series, Pyrotechnically-generated, Fine Aerosol-powder Type Fire-Extinguishing System, afp-1317

### Acceptance letters

- Fire & Rescue Department of Malaysia
- Bureau Veritas France, Marine Division
- BHP Australia, Environmental Department
- Snowy Mountains Hydro-electric Authority Australia, Telecommunications Sites

### Approvals & Certificates

- Registration under SNAP program US EPA
- Approval for protection of small boat machinery spaces Maritime and Coastguard Agency, UK
- Approval for use on NSW commercial vessels, Waterways Authority, Australia
- Certificate of Standard Approval, Marine Register of Navigation, Russia
- Registration for Design Factor, SSL Australia
- Certification for Area Coverage to UL 1058, WorkCover Authority, Australia
- Certification for Electrical Conductivity, Sydney Electricity, Australia
- Approval for Chemical Ingredients, NICNAS, Australia
- Certification on Ozone Depletion, Academy of Science, Russia
- Dangerous Goods Classification, Soyuz, Russia
- Certification on Guaranteed Shelf Life, Soyuz, Russia
- Certification on Vibration & Shock Resistance, Soyuz, Russia
- Certification on Corrosiveness, Institute of Aviation Mechanical Engineering, Russia

## PRODUCT TESTING

### SSL Australia Test Reports

- SSL - 30-Day Elevated Temperature Test and Salt Spray Corrosion Test of UL1058 Standard
- SSL - Extinguishing Design Factor

### WorkCover Authority Australia Test Reports

- WorkCover Authority - A Test Report on the Performance of a Fire Extinguishing Aerosol System in a Room Fire Test to UL 1058 Standard
- WorkCover Authority - A Report on Room Fire Test on MAG-4 and MAG-5 Generators to UL 1058 Standard

### Power Industry Applications

- Substation Electrical Panel Cubicles Fire Tests – Integral Energy, NSW, Australia
- Report on Pyrogen Demonstration at Wollongong Electrical Engineering Pty Ltd
- Report on Pyrogen Demonstration at Snowy Mountains Hydro-electric Authority
- Report on Pyrogen Demonstration for protection of Substation Diode Bridge Electrical Cubicles – Murrin Murrin Nickel-Cobalt Project, WA, Australia

### Industrial Applications

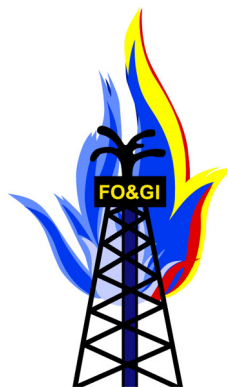
- Protection of Fume Cabinets – Hi-Safe Systems Fire Protection, Netherlands
- Protection of Libraries – Scientific & Research Centre for Conservation & Restoration of Documents, State Library of the Russian Federation

### Performance Test Reports

- Pyrogen Design Factor - Class A and Class B Fires
- Performance of Pyrogen in a Class A Fire - Test to UL 1058 standard;
- Oil Fire Test

### Safety Data

- Material Safety Data Sheet
- Emergency Procedure Guide – Transport
- Pyrogen Toxicity - Abstract
- Pyrogen Toxicity – Full Report
- Sanitary Certificate - Health Ministry of the Russian Federation, Department of the State Sanitary & Epidemic Inspection



Firepak Oil and Gas Industries, Ltd.

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Houston Texas 77036

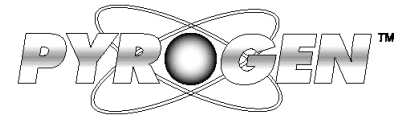
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Smart. Tough. Safe. Pyrogen.™



**From  
rocket fuel  
to the world's  
most effective  
fire extinguisher**



Active Fire Protection  
Data Sheet Listing  
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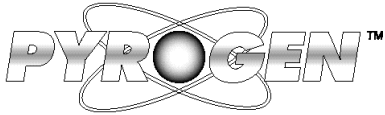
Developed from advanced aerospace technology – Pyrogen is the world's first commercially available aerosol fire extinguishing system

Pyrogen is non-pressurized, non-conductive and its extinguishing action is instantaneous

A further advantage is that if the Pyrogen aerosol enters delicate equipment, engines or electrical components – it causes no damage

Available in a wide range of canister sizes, Pyrogen does not deplete oxygen and was designed as the most economical and practical alternative to Halon, halocarbons, chemical powders and inert gases



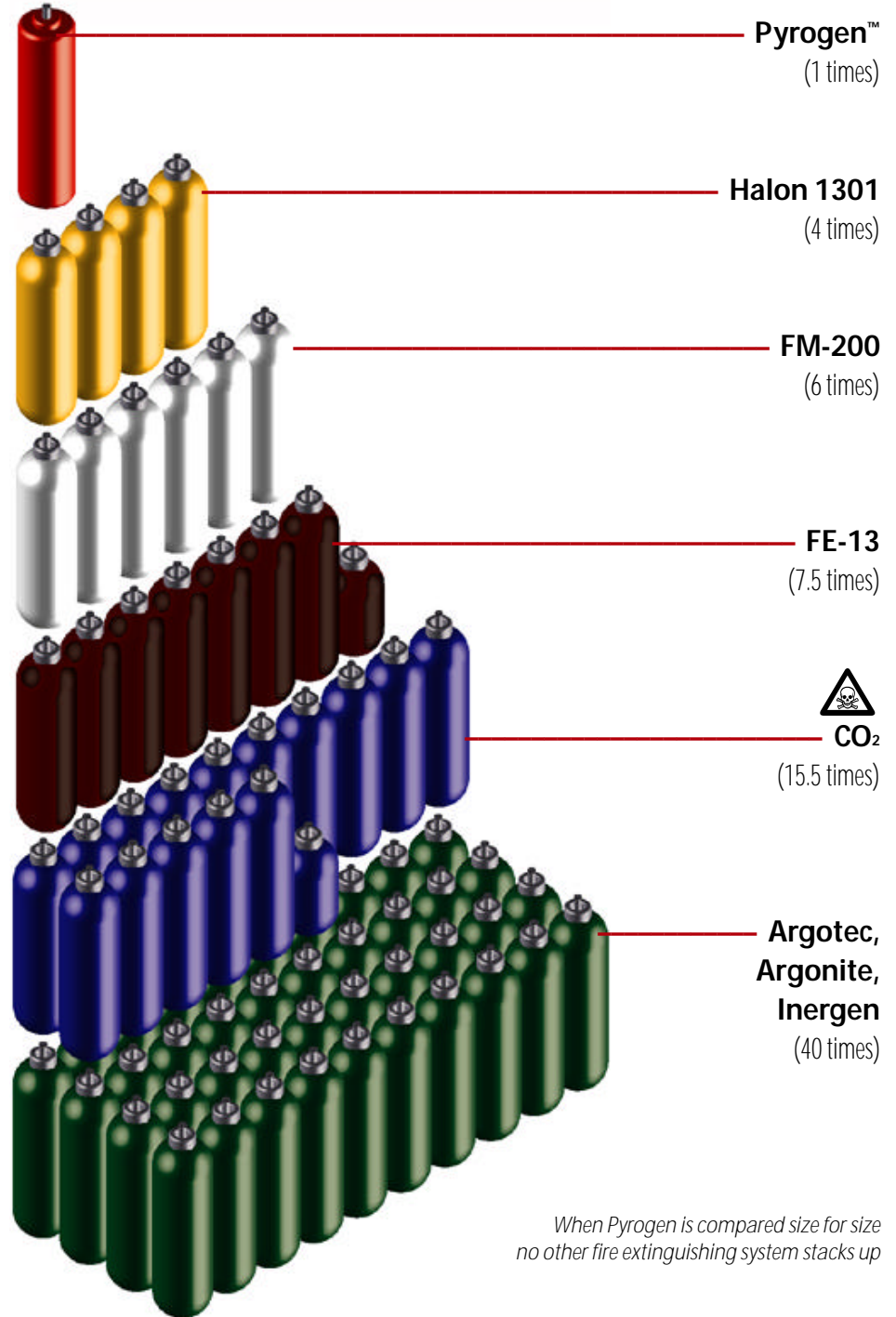


## How Pyrogen Works

**“Pyrogen’s principle of extinguishing action is unique” explains Dr. Julia Berezovsky, Pyrogen’s General Manager, “A special solid chemical, when electrically or thermally ignited, produces combustion products – micron-sized dry chemical particles and gases that mix into a uniform aerosol, an actual extinguishing medium”**

“This aerosol is extremely effective in extinguishing fires, especially those involving materials of hydrocarbon origin, such as petroleum, diesel, hydraulic liquid, lubricants, natural gas, wood, etc.”

The micron-sized aerosol particles exhibit gas-like three-dimensional qualities that allow the agent to quickly distribute throughout the enclosure and reach into the most concealed and shielded locations.



*When Pyrogen is compared size for size no other fire extinguishing system stacks up*

“Pyrogen’s extinguishing action is achieved by interfering chemically with the fire reaction and then by thermal cooling. Normal design concentration is only 100g per cubic metre, which is more than three times lower than Halon 1301’s [330g/m<sup>3</sup>]”.

Such low design concentration coupled with an almost instantaneous extinguishing action makes Pyrogen one of the most efficient and convenient agents in the world. Operation of the extinguishing unit can be electrical or thermal.

Pyrogen MAG-12 canisters mounted in an electrical substation



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## Key Extinguishing Actions

Pyrogen's extinguishing action is achieved primarily by interfering chemically with the fire reaction

Pyrogen cools the fire to a temperature below which the fire reaction cannot continue

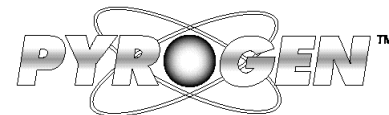
## Key Performance Attributes

Pyrogen has the lowest extinguishing concentration amongst commercially available agents - three times lower than Halon 1301

Pyrogen requires no pressure cylinders or piping

Agent	Formula	Mass %	Toxicity	ODP*	GWP** 100yrs/CO <sub>2</sub> =1	Atmospheric Lifetimes (yrs)	Extinguishing Concentration % <sub>www</sub>	g/m <sup>3</sup>	Mechanism of Fire Suppression
<b>Pyrogen™</b>	KNO <sub>3</sub>	62.3	Low	0	0	0	—	100	Chemical/Physical
	Plasticised Nitrocellulose	12.7							
	Carbon	9							
	Admixtures	16							
<b>Halon 1301</b>	CBF <sub>3</sub>		Low	10	5600	65	5	330	Chemical
<b>FM-200</b>	CF <sub>3</sub> CHFCF <sub>3</sub>		Low	0	2900	36.5	7	530	Physical
<b>NAF S11</b>	CHCl <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	4.75	Low	0.036	1450	12	12	530	Physical
	CHClCF <sub>2</sub>	82							
	CHClFCF <sub>3</sub>	9.5							
<b>FE-13</b>	CHF <sub>3</sub>	50	Low	0	11700	264	15	470	Physical
<b>Argonite</b>	N <sub>2</sub>	50	Low	0	0	0	33.6	600	Physical
	Ar	50							
<b>Argotec</b>	Ar	100	Low	0	0	0	38	500	Physical
<b>Inergen</b>	N <sub>2</sub>	52	Low	0	0	0	37.5	500	Physical
	Ar	40							
	CO <sub>2</sub>	8							
<b>Carbon Dioxide</b>	CO <sub>2</sub>	100	High	0	1	—	50	900	Physical
<b>Water</b>	H <sub>2</sub> O		Nil	0	0	0	—	—	Physical
<b>Chemical Powders</b>			Low	0	0	0	—	1400-1800	Chemical/Physical

\*ODP = Ozone Depleting Potential, \*\*GWP = Global Warming Potential



## Key Environmental Benefits

Zero ozone depletion potential

Zero global warming potential

## Outstanding Benefits

Three times more effective than Halon

Environment-friendly

Instantaneously extinguishes fire

Does not deplete oxygen level

Significant cost savings

Low toxicity

### Other Benefits Include:

- Recognised by international authorities
- Reduced weight
- Requires no pressure cylinders or piping
- In-built thermal release
- Easily re-installed the same day
- Simple installation and recommission
- Will replace Halon, CO<sub>2</sub> or other fixed systems
- Can be added to existing protection installations
- Electrically non-conductive
- Less extinguishing agent needed
- No costly storage space needed
- Minimal maintenance
- Perfect where water or chemical agents are impractical
- Can be installed when normal systems are out of service for maintenance, repair, or loss of water pressure

## Pyrogen Extinguishes

### Class A Fires

– involving solid materials, generally organic, and can be further categorized into surface burning fires and deep-seated fires

### Class B Fires

– involving liquids or liquefiable solids

### Class C Fires

– involving gases

### Class E Fires

– involving electrically energized fuels (UL Class C)

### Class F Fires

– involving fats and cooking oils (UL Class K)

## Health & Safety Statement

Pyrogen's dense aerosol is most effective in normally unoccupied areas such as data rooms, machinery and engine spaces, control cabinets and storage areas.

Inadvertent exposure to the aerosol should be avoided using normal precautions such as warning signals, pre-discharge alarm and post-discharge warning and venting.

Accidental exposure to aerosol should be limited to five minutes.

The Pyrogen aerosol cloud can reduce visibility and hamper the evacuation of personnel, hold-off devices may be required for large areas or those with internal obstructions. Further details on the safe application, installation, operation, and re-commissioning of Pyrogen systems is given in the design manual and our safety data sheet is available upon request.



Marine installation in a high-speed power boat

## Products

### Pyrogen Kits

Pre-engineered kits for marine and vehicle applications

### Fire Panels

Purpose-built Pyrosafe fire control and alarm panels

### Accessories

A complete range of accessories to facilitate complete installations

### CD Rom

A CD or video is available to clearly demonstrate Pyrogen's versatility



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